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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/786,325	06/11/2001	Yoshiki Nakagawa	1581/00255	8453
7590 04/22/2004			EXAMINER	
Burton A Ame			LIPMAN, BERNARD	
Connolly Bove Lodge & Hutz PO Box 19088			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Washington, DC 20036-0088			1713	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summer	09/786,325	NAKAGAWA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Bernard Lipman	1713				
- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address - Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.138(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the meiling date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is tess than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meiling date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 C	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 December 2002</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-55 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) 16-55 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 8.		y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Serial No. 09/786,325
Art Unit 1713

- 1. Applicants have elected Group I, claims 1-15 for prosecution in this application. Applicants have further traversed the restriction requirement with respect to Group II, claims 16-18, which applicants state are of the same special technical feature as Group I. This argument has been considered but not found persuasive insofar as Groups I and II each represent mutually exclusive structures of polymers. Group I requires a silanol functionality, while Group II requires that there be no silanol functionality. This, therefore, represents different special technical features even though applicants derive one functional group containing polymer from the other. The restriction is, therefore, maintained.
- 2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Kusakabe et al., European EP 0789036.

Reference to Kusakabe et al. specifically teaches applicants' claimed polymers with terminal silanol functionality. This can be seen clearly in the reference in the disclosure on pages 12-14. Although the reference makes his polymers in somewhat different chemical reaction, the polymers themselves are the same as those being claimed by applicants or would have the same features absent evidence of structural difference, In refitzgerald et al., 205 USPQ 594, and commensurate in scope to the claims. The reference further teaches curable compositions with these polymers. Applicants' claimed polymers and compositions are, therefore, properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102 or 103 over reference to Kusakabe et al.

Bernard Lipman Primary Examiner Art Unit 1713

BL:cdc March 4, 2003